



Kuraby State School

# Student Code of Conduct

## 2020-2023

### ***Every student succeeding***


***Every student succeeding is the shared vision of Queensland state schools. Our vision shapes regional and school planning to ensure every student receives the support needed to belong to the school community, engage purposefully in learning and experience academic success.***


Queensland Department of Education  
State Schools Strategy 2019-2023

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## Endorsement

Principal Name: Tom Cameron  
Principal Signature:   
Date: 12/10/2020

P/C President and-or  
School Council Chair Fatima Gutta  
Name:  
P/C President and-or  
School Council Chair   
Signature:  
Date: 12/10/2020

## Purpose

Kuraby State School is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for all students, staff, parents and visitors.

The Kuraby State School Student Code of Conduct sets out the responsibilities and processes we use in our school to promote a productive, effective whole school approach to discipline.

Its purpose is to facilitate high standards of behaviour from all in the school community, ensuring learning and teaching in our school is prioritised, where all students are able to experience success and staff enjoy a safe workplace.

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## Principal's Foreword

All areas of Kuraby State School are learning and teaching environments. We consider the Student Code of Conduct to be an opportunity for valuable social learning as well as a means of maximising the success of student learning programs.

Our Student Code of Conduct outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours and responding to inappropriate and unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan, shared expectations for student behaviour are plain to everyone, assisting Kuraby State School to create and maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment, where ALL school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process.

Our school community has identified the following school rules (expectations) to teach and promote our high standards of responsible behaviour:

- I am an Active Learner
- I am Respectful
- I am Responsible
- I am Safe

At Kuraby State School we have also adopted a set of values or Keys to Success through consultation with the students and staff. We believe that the Keys to Success are:

- Confidence
- Acceptance
- Resilience
- Relationships
- Effort

These expectations and values provide a reference point to all staff to refer back to during open positive discussions with students about their behaviour. It promotes ownership of behaviour which leads to a greater development of life long skills such as self-discipline and respect for ourselves and others. Our school expectations and values have been agreed upon and endorsed by all staff and our school P & C. Posters of the school expectations and values are displayed in each classroom and across the school campus.

Kuraby State School staff take an educative approach to discipline, that behaviour can be taught and that mistakes are opportunities for everyone to learn. Our Student Code of Conduct provides an overview of the school's local policies on use of mobile phones and other technology, removal of student property and the approach to preventing and addressing incidents of bullying. It also details the steps school staff take to educate students about these policies and how students are explicitly taught the expected behaviours. Finally, it details the consequences that may apply when students breach the expected standards of behaviour including use of suspension and exclusion.

## Learning and Behaviour Statement

Everyone brings their own sets of personal beliefs to a school community. These beliefs influence their decisions, behaviour and social practices. It is reasonable to expect that not everyone will share the same sets of beliefs, and this contributes to a richly diverse social environment in each school. It can also contribute to differences in expectations and force us to reflect on our own understanding of what we consider acceptable and unacceptable. We encourage any student or parent to make an appointment with the principal to discuss the model of behaviour support and discipline used at this school.

### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

Kuraby State School uses multi-tiered systems of support (MTSS) as the foundation for our integrated approach to learning and behaviour. MTSS is a preventative, differentiated model grounded in practical strategies, targeted planning and data-informed decision-making. Based on a problem-solving model, in MTSS school staff match increasingly intensive interventions to the identified needs of individual students.

Tier	Prevention Description
1	<p>The first step in facilitating standards of positive behaviour is communicating those standards to <b>all students</b>. At Kuraby State School we emphasise the importance of directly teaching students the behaviours we want them to demonstrate at school. Communicating behavioural expectations is a form of universal behaviour support - a strategy directed towards <b>all students</b> designed to prevent inappropriate behaviour and provide a framework for responding to unacceptable behaviour.</p> <p><b>All students</b> (100%) in the school receive support for their academic and behavioural development. Focus is on the whole-school implementation of both the Australian Curriculum and Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations. This involves:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• teaching behaviours in the setting they will be used</li><li>• being consistent when addressing challenging behaviour, while taking developmental norms and behavioural function into account</li><li>• providing refresher lessons and targeted recognition throughout the school year so skills are ready and likely to be used when students need them</li><li>• asking students and their families for their perspectives on school climate, instruction, reinforcement, and discipline so improvements in Tier 1 may be made.</li></ul>
2	<p>Targeted instruction and supports for <b>some students</b> (10-15%) are more intense than Tier 1 services, providing more time and specialisation in services from a range of school-based staff to enable students to meet the required academic and behavioural standards.</p> <p>Tier 2 supports build on the lessons provided at Tier 1, and may prevent the need for more intensive interventions. Tier 2 supports are provided to small groups of</p>

students with similar needs, offering more time and/or detailed instruction on the Australian Curriculum or particular aspects of Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) expectations. The types of interventions offered at this level will vary according to the needs of each school's student body, but all have certain things in common:

- there is a clear connection between the skills taught in the interventions and the school-wide expectations
- interventions require little time of classroom teachers and are easy to sustain
- variations within each intervention are limited
- interventions have a good chance of working (e.g., they are "evidence-based" interventions that are matched to the student's need).

If the school data indicates that more than 10-15% of students require targeted services, then a review of Tier 1 is needed to address the basic implementation and quality of instruction.

- 3** Individualised services for **few students** (2-5%) who require the most intensive support a school can provide. These are usually delivered in very small groups or on an individual basis.

Tier 3 supports continue to build on the lessons and supports provided at Tiers 1 and 2, becoming more individualised and more intensive until teams can identify what is needed for a student to be successful. Tier 3 supports are based on the underlying reasons for a student's behaviour (their FBA) and should include strategies to:

- PREVENT problem behaviour
- TEACH the student an acceptable replacement behaviour
- REINFORCE the student's use of the replacement behaviour
- MINIMISE the payoff for problem behaviour.

Tier 3 supports exist along a continuum. Many students can benefit from a simple (or brief) Functional Behaviour Assessment (FBA) that identifies unique strategies to help the student achieve success. A smaller percentage of students may require a more comprehensive FBA that includes a more thorough process for data collection, teaming, and problem solving. A much smaller percentage of students may need an intensive FBA and wraparound plan that includes personnel from outside agencies and rigorous problem solving procedures.

If the school data indicates that more than 2-5% of the student population requires individualised services, a review of Tier 1 and Tier 2 supports and organisation is recommended.

## Consideration of Individual Circumstances

Staff at Kuraby State School take into account students' individual circumstances, such as their behaviour history, disability, mental health and wellbeing, religious and cultural considerations, home environment and care arrangements when teaching expectations, responding to inappropriate behaviour or applying a disciplinary consequence.

In considering the individual circumstances of each student, we recognise that the way we teach, the support we provide and the way we respond to students will differ. This reflects the principle of equality, where every student is given the support they need to be successful. This also means that not everyone will be treated the same, because treating everyone the same is not fair. For example, some students need additional support to interpret or understand an expectation. Others may benefit from more opportunities to practise a required skill or behaviour. For a small number of students, the use of certain disciplinary consequences may be considered inappropriate or ineffective due to complex trauma or family circumstances. These are all matters that our teachers and principal consider with each individual student in both the instruction of behaviour and the response to behaviour.

Our teachers are also obliged by law to respect and protect the privacy of individual students, so while we understand the interest of other students, staff and parents to know what punishment another student might have received, we will not disclose or discuss this information with anyone but the student's family. This applies even if the behavioural incident, such as bullying, involves your child. You can be assured that school staff take all matters, such as bullying, very seriously and will address them appropriately. We expect that parents and students will respect the privacy of other students and families.

If you have concerns about the behaviour of another student at the school, or the way our staff have responded to their behaviour, please make an appointment with the principal to discuss the matter.

## Student Wellbeing

Kuraby State School offers a range of programs and services to support the wellbeing of students in our school. We encourage parents and students to speak with their class teacher or make an appointment to meet with the guidance officer if they would like individual advice about accessing particular services.

Learning and wellbeing are inextricably linked — students learn best when their wellbeing is optimised, and they develop a strong sense of wellbeing when they experience success in learning. The [student learning and wellbeing framework](#) supports state schools with creating positive school cultures and embedding student wellbeing in all aspects of school life through connecting the learning environment, curriculum and pedagogy, policies, procedures and partnerships for learning and life.

### Curriculum and pedagogy

Schools build the foundations for wellbeing and lifelong learning through curriculum embedding [personal and social capabilities](#) (self-awareness, self-management, social awareness and social management) in the implementation of the [P–12 curriculum, assessment and reporting framework](#).

Schools acknowledge the positive impact that a meaningful relationship between teacher and students can have on students' academic and social outcomes.

### Policy and expectations

Within a school community there are specific health and wellbeing issues that will need to be addressed for the whole school, specific students, or in certain circumstances.

### Community Team

Kuraby State School identifies as a context with a culturally diverse community. We have established a Community Team who co-ordinates a range of whole school events aimed at strengthening community, family and parent relationships, student safety and wellbeing.

### *Specialised health needs*

Kuraby State School works closely with parents to ensure students with specialised health needs, including those requiring specialised health procedures, have access to a reasonable standard of support for their health needs whilst attending school or school-based activities.

This means that appropriate health plans are developed and followed for students with specialised health needs, that staff are aware of the student's medical condition and that an appropriate number of staff have been trained to support the student's health condition.

### *Medications*

Kuraby State School requires parent consent and medical authorisation to administer any medication (including over-the-counter medications) to students. For students requiring medication to be administered during school hours, the administration office can provide further information and relevant forms.

For students with a long-term health condition requiring medication, parents need to provide the school with a [Request to administer medication at school](#) form signed by the prescribing health practitioner.

Kuraby State School maintains a minimum of one adrenaline auto-injector and asthma reliever/puffer, stored in the school's first aid kit to provide emergency first aid medication if required.

### *Mental health*

Where there is reasonable belief that a student has a mental health difficulty Kuraby State School will implement early intervention measures according to the situation. This may include facilitating the development, implementation and periodic review of a [Student Plan](#) or engagement with the Guidance Officer or external support services.

## **Student Support Network**

Kuraby State School is proud to have a comprehensive Student Support Network (KITES Team) in place to help the social, emotional and physical wellbeing of every student. In addition to the assistance provided by class teachers, we have a Kuraby Inclusion Team and Extension Support (KITES Team) a team of professionals whose dedicated roles are to help ensure our school is an inclusive, nurturing environment.

Students can approach any trusted school staff member at Kuraby State School to seek assistance or advice. If they are unable to assist they will provide guidance and help ensure the student is connected to the appropriate representative of the KITES Team (Student Support Network).

Parents who would like more information about the student support roles and responsibilities are invited to contact the administration office on 07 3361 8444.

Role	What they do
Principal/Deputy Principal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Monitors attendance, behaviour and academic data to identify areas of additional need.</li><li>• Lead role for implementation of Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team.</li></ul>
Inclusion Leader	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Leadership of KITES team to promote an inclusive, positive school culture.</li></ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Liases with internal and external support staff to provide access to testing, therapy services and counselling where necessary.</li> <li>• Co-ordinates and prioritises individual case management</li> </ul>
EAL/D Leader	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Co-ordinates intervention and support for students with English as an additional language or dialect</li> <li>• Supports new enrolments with language backgrounds other than English to successfully transition into Kuraby State School</li> <li>• Supports access to translators for parent/teacher interviews and other meetings as necessary/requested</li> </ul>
Guidance Officer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provides a comprehensive student support program within the school environment offering guidance support for referred students on a one-on-one basis or in a group setting</li> <li>• Assists students with specific difficulties, acting as a mediator or providing information on other life skills</li> <li>• Liaises with parents, teachers, or other external health providers as needed as part of the support process</li> <li>• Implement support processes aligned with the Whole School Learning and Wellbeing Framework</li> </ul>
Speech Language Pathologist	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supports students requiring Speech Language Therapy</li> <li>• Assists in the development of oral language intervention programs</li> </ul>
State Schools Health Nurse (External)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Works with school staff to build their competence and confidence to safely manage procedures and interventions required by students with specialised health needs</li> <li>• Provides assessment, health management planning, training and ongoing support and supervision for students with specialised health needs.</li> </ul>
Classroom teachers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responsible for student welfare at class level</li> <li>• Provides continuity of contact for students and their families through the year of schooling</li> <li>• Ensures students feel safe and comfortable and want to come to school</li> <li>• Maintains a safe and supportive classroom environment</li> <li>• Refers students to the KITES team through the referral process where necessary</li> </ul>

It is also important for students and parents to understand there are regional and statewide support services also available to supplement the school network. These include Principal Advisor Student Protection, Mental Health Coach, Autism Coach, Inclusion Coach, Success Coach, Advisory Visiting Teachers and Senior Guidance Officers. For more information about these services and their roles, please speak with the Principal.

## Whole School Approach to Discipline

The Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team develops and implements Whole School Policy which promotes a Positive Culture across the school and broader community. In Semester 2, 2018 the Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team was established to review current behaviour policies and explore how Glasser's Choice Theory and Positive Behaviour for Learning can facilitate high standards of behaviour so that the learning and teaching in our school can be effective and students can participate positively within our school community

Kuraby State School uses Positive Behaviour for Learning (PBL) as the multi-tiered system of support for discipline in the school. This is a whole-school approach, used in all classrooms and programs offered through the school, including sporting activities and excursions.

PBL is an evidence-based framework used to:

- analyse and improve student behaviour and learning outcomes
- ensure that only evidence-based practices are used correctly by teachers to support students
- continually support staff members to maintain consistent school and classroom improvement practices.

At Kuraby State School we believe discipline is about more than punishment. It is a word that reflects our belief that student behaviour is a part of the overall teaching and learning approach in our school. Our staff take responsibility for making their expectations clear, for providing supportive instruction about how to meet these expectations and strive to use behavioural incidents as opportunities to re-teach.

The development of the Kuraby State School Student Code of Conduct is an opportunity to explain the PBL framework with parents and students, and gain their support to implement a consistent approach to teaching behaviour. The language and expectations of PBL can be used in any environment, including the home setting for students. Doing everything we can do to set students up for success is a shared goal of every parent and school staff member.

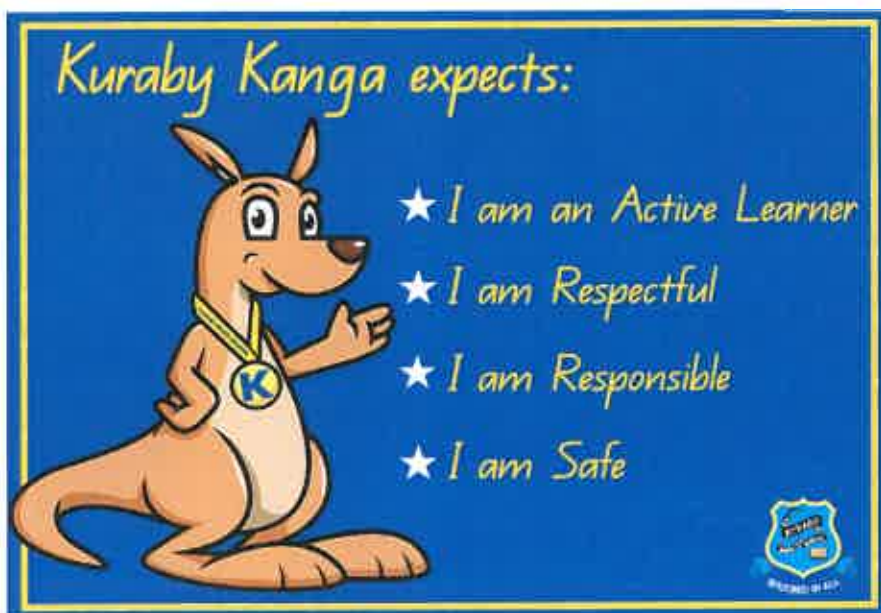
Any students or parents who have questions or would like to discuss the Student Code of Conduct or PBL are encouraged to speak with the class teacher or make an appointment to meet with the principal.

## School Expectations & Values

Our staff are committed to delivering high quality education for every student, and believe all adults in the school, whether visiting or working, should meet the same school wide expectations in place for students, being active learners, respectful, responsible and safe and follow the departmental guidelines regarding code of conduct.

### Students

Below are examples of what these school expectations look like for students across the school. In addition, each classroom may have their own set of examples to help students and visitors understand the expectations and meet the standards we hold for everyone at Kuraby State School. The Keys to Success are also a set of values agreed upon by the school community. The Kuraby State School values are confidence, acceptance, resilience, relationships and effort. See below the images that are used throughout the school to support the reinforcement of the school values and expectations.



**I am an Active Learner:**

- I am focused during learning tasks.
- I contribute to learning activities.
- I always do my best.
- I use whole body listening.



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**I am Respectful:**

- I use the keys to success.
- I care for my environment.
- I am kind and considerate towards others.
- I speak in positive ways – polite and appropriate.




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**I am Responsible:**

- I take care of my own and others' property.
- I am organised and ready to learn each day.
- I follow directions immediately.
- I am a positive role model.



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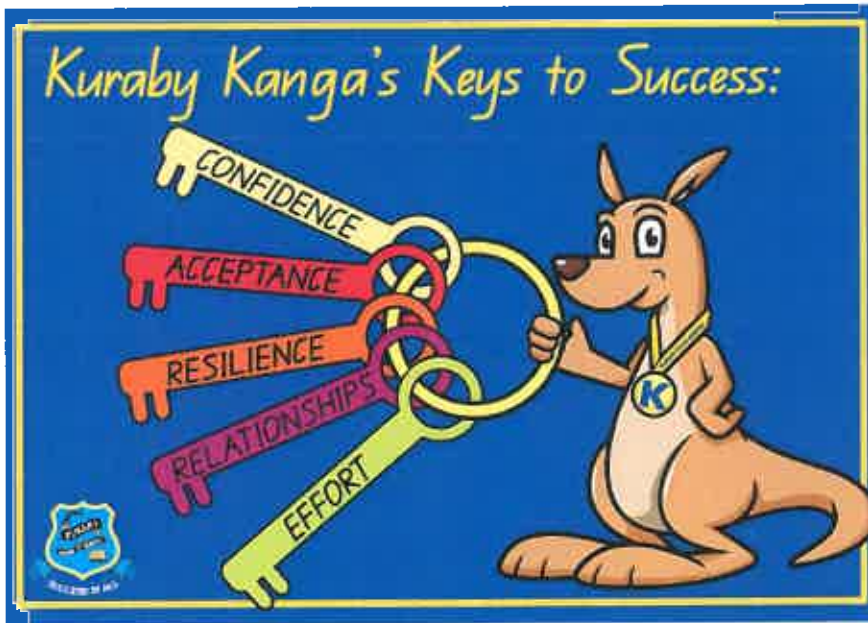


**I am Safe:**

- I keep my hands, feet and objects to myself.
- I am in the right place at the right time.
- I play and move safely around the school.
- I am sun safe.



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**CONFIDENCE:**  
I AM CONFIDENT

- I am capable
- I am brave
- I embrace challenges
- I am independent

Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team - KBET

**ACCEPTANCE:**  
I AM ACCEPTING

- I am unique
- I am tolerant
- I include others
- I celebrate differences

Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team - KBET



**RESILIENCE:  
I AM RESILIENT**

- I am persistent
- I use a growth mindset
- I bounce back from difficulty



Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team - KBET




**RELATIONSHIPS:  
I HAVE POSITIVE  
RELATIONSHIPS**

- I get along with others
- I encourage others
- I am a team player
- I am honest




Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team - KBET



**EFFORT:  
I PUT IN EFFORT**

- I always have a go
- I always try my best
- I strive for quality work



Kuraby Behaviour Expectations Team - KBET

At Kuraby State School communication of our key expectations for behaviour are backed up through reinforcement, which provides students with feedback for engaging in expected school behaviour. A formal recognition and monitoring system has been developed. This reinforcement system is designed to increase the quantity and quality of positive interactions between students and staff. All staff members are trained to give consistent and appropriate acknowledgement and rewards.

**School wide strategies to Reinforce Positive Behaviour may include but are not limited to:**

**Classroom Reward Systems** - Each class teacher may implement a classroom reward system relevant to their classroom context, eg. Dojo points, Pretend Money value system, Class jar jewels.

**Verbal praise/Feedback** - Students may receive on the spot verbal praise/feedback about their positive behaviour

**Positive parent contact** – Classroom teachers may contact parents to acknowledge individual student positive behaviour

**Royal & Golden Ticket (Reward Ticket) Process** – Students can receive a Royal or Golden Ticket linked to the school expectations and values in the classroom or playground. These tickets go into their class are drawn and 2 students from each class drawn each fortnight to meet with the Deputy Principal and/or Principal, this is announced on assembly.

**Student Awards** – students may be acknowledged on assembly or with awards at end of year awards ceremonies

**Top Level, Standard Level and Support Level process** – presentations on assembly regularly, badges given to Year 5 & 6 students, eligibility for Student Leadership positions

All students from Prep-Year 6 will enter Kuraby State School on the Standard Level and it is through their actions that any change to their level is made. Children in the middle (Sem 2 of Year 3 - Year 4) and upper school (Year 5-6) will apply to be upgraded to Top level by filling out an upgrade form. Students can seek the advice and assistance of their teacher when attempting to improve their level.

For students in the junior school, staff and students will focus on the explicit teaching of the behaviours associated with the School Expectations and Keys to Success (values). Teachers may choose to provide junior school students who are displaying exceptional behaviours with extra responsibilities within their classroom.

The school staff initiates any downward movement of behaviour levels based on the choices and actions made by the individual student. The matter will be discussed with the school administration and student. All parents will be notified of any level changes, and the reasons for the change occurring.

While good behaviour should be its own reward, the school has introduced a system of recognition for satisfactory behaviour. These include a variety of strategies and events for outstanding behaviour over long periods.

### **Top Level Upgrade**

**Students at this level display strong commitment to their education, are very actively involved in their school and accept their responsibilities.**

\*Please note that it is an expectation of Kuraby State School that all children wishing to nominate for School Captain have been on Top Level for at least 2 terms before they are eligible to nominate for School Captain or leadership positions.

Reason for being placed on this level	Possible outcomes for appropriate behaviour
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<p>Student behaviour will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Student consistently displays whole school expectations without reminders (I am an Active Learner, I am Respectful, I am Responsible, I am Safe)</li> <li>✓ Student consistently displays whole school Keys to Success (Values) – Confidence, Acceptance, Resilience, Relationships, Effort</li> <li>✓ Student consistently wears uniform to school standard (correct colour, sun safe hat, closed in shoes)</li> <li>✓ Student is genuinely committed to their schooling, including regular attendance and punctuality</li> <li>✓ Student cooperates with all members of the school community</li> <li>✓ Student completes classwork and homework</li> <li>✓ Student participates in/supports school and regional events (sports days, cross country, camps, disco etc.)</li> <li>✓ Student displays all of the responsibilities listed in The Code of School Behaviour without the need for reminder: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Participates actively in the program of instruction</li> <li>- Takes responsibility for their own behaviour and learning</li> <li>- Demonstrates respect for themselves, other members of the school community and the school environment</li> <li>- Behaves in a manner that respects the rights of others including the right to learn</li> <li>- Cooperates with staff and others in authority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Year 5 and 6 students who achieve this level will receive a Top Level Certificate and Top Level Senior Badge.</li> <li>✓ Year 3 and 4 students who achieve this level will receive a Certificate.</li> <li>✓ Year 5 students who have achieved Top Level during Year 4 will have a review of their eligibility for the first 4 weeks of Year 5, if they are maintaining Top level behaviours they will receive a Top Level Senior Badge in first Term of Year 5. – Teachers will be responsible for monitoring this.</li> <li>✓ Students will receive school recognition and parents will be notified in writing.</li> <li>✓ All students at this level are eligible to be elected to Student Council</li> <li>✓ Year 5/6 students at this level will be eligible for election to Captain positions (School Captain, Vice-Captain, House Captain, House Vice-Captain)</li> <li>✓ Students at this level will be eligible to represent the school at special events if selected.</li> <li>✓ Entitlements as per Standard Level.</li> </ul>
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**Standard Level**

**Students at this level accept their responsibilities. All students are assigned to this level when they come to Kuraby State School.**

Reason for being placed on this level	Possible outcomes for appropriate behaviour
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<p>Student behaviour should include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Student displays whole school expectations (I am an Active Learner, I am Respectful, I am Responsible, I am Safe)</li> <li>✓ Student displays whole school Keys to Success (Values) – Confidence, Acceptance, Resilience, Relationships, Effort</li> <li>✓ Student consistently wears uniform to the school standard (correct colour, sun safe hat, closed in shoes)</li> <li>✓ Student attends school regularly and is punctual</li> <li>✓ Student cooperates with all members of the school community</li> <li>✓ Student completes assessment requirements including class and homework</li> <li>✓ Student follows instructions</li> <li>✓ Student displays all of the responsibilities listed in The Code of School Behaviour: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Participates actively in the program of instruction</li> <li>- Takes responsibility for their own behaviour and learning</li> <li>- Demonstrates respect for themselves, other members of the school community and the school environment</li> <li>- Behaves in a manner that respects the rights of others including the right to learn</li> <li>- Cooperates with staff and others in authority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Students on this level will be eligible to be involved in school sporting and social events including excursions and camps.</li> <li>✓ Students at this level will be eligible to be involved in the choir and school band.</li> <li>✓ Students at this level will be eligible to represent the school at inter-school carnivals.</li> <li>✓ Students at this level will be eligible to enrol in lunchtime extension programs such as Japanese club and coding/robotics.</li> </ul>
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### **Support level (Targeted behaviour support)**

**Students from Prep-Year 6 at this level require support to accept their responsibilities and have made choices that are not appropriate in the school community. These choices have been made after Teacher support has been provided.**

Some students may be identified through our data as needing further support/intervention in the way of targeted behaviour support. In most cases the inappropriate or unacceptable behaviour may not be immediately regarded as severe, but the frequencies of their behaviours may put these students' learning and social success at risk if not addressed in



a timely manner. Students who make inappropriate behaviour choices may be placed on a monitored Individual Behaviour Plan and/or referred to the Choices Room. Staff will use behaviour data records and analyse previous intervention strategies to assess the need for students to access this level of support.

Students are expected to come to school to learn. Behaviour support represents an opportunity to provide students with tools and strategies to get along with others and engage in the school environment successfully.

Reason for being placed on this level	Possible support students may access
<p>Student behaviour could include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Evident that student needs repeated regular reminders to display whole school expectations in all areas (I am an Active Learner, I am Respectful, I am Responsible, I am Safe)</li> <li>✓ Repeated inappropriate behaviour in classroom or on school grounds</li> <li>✓ Repeatedly not following the school dress code</li> <li>✓ Student requires support to demonstrate the responsibilities listed in The Code of School Behaviour:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Does not participate actively in the program of instruction</li> <li>- Does not take responsibility for their own behaviour and learning</li> <li>- Demonstrates disrespect for themselves, other members of the school community and the school environment</li> <li>- Does not behaves in a manner that respects the rights of others including the right to learn</li> <li>- Does not cooperate with staff and others in authority</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Structured Playground Timetable monitored daily by Classroom Teacher, weekly check in with DP</li> <li>✓ Structured Playground Goals monitored daily by Classroom Teacher, weekly check in with DP</li> <li>✓ Weekly Behaviour Tracker monitored each session by classroom teacher, daily by DP (afternoons).</li> <li>✓ Check-in/Check-out (Classroom Teacher daily, DP weekly)</li> <li>✓ Choices Room Plan (Classroom and specialist teacher monitor daily provide written feedback after one week)</li> <li>✓ Regular parent communication through Classroom Teacher (recorded on Oneschool)</li> <li>✓ Varied Timetable (eg. Rest breaks)</li> <li>✓ Curriculum and pedagogical adjustment</li> <li>✓ KITES support – may include referral to specialist support services as identified by KITES team               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Guidance Officer Support</li> <li>- Speech Language Pathologist Support</li> <li>- Support through Advisory Visiting Teachers</li> <li>- Social Support Programs (KITES)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Students whose behaviour does not improve after participation in this process with intervention, or whose previous behaviour indicates a need for further specialised intervention, are provided with an intensive behaviour support plan.

### Steps prior to placing student on Support level

“Behaviour Consequence Triangles” representing an increased level of consequences based on choices made by the student are explicitly explained, used and displayed in all classrooms. The use of the “Behaviour Consequence Triangle” is a school wide approach and is adopted by all Kuraby State School Staff. All staff will follow the School wide Behaviour Management

Flowchart (See Appendix) and implement the whole school positive behaviour reinforcement strategies (Royal and Gold Tickets).

- Consequences for inappropriate behaviour will be stepped in severity from least intrusive to most intrusive. The first will always be a warning and at some point consequences will involve time-out in class. Other suggestions include written apologies, loss of play time and time out in a buddy class.
- "Time-out/Reflection areas" are to be set aside in each classroom as time-out locations for children who display inappropriate behaviours (following the teacher's use of Essential Skills for Classroom Management as per the Whole School Behaviour Flowchart). The main purpose of these areas is to give children the opportunity to reconsider their unacceptable behaviour and plan more appropriate behaviours (reset).
- It is strongly suggested that each class should have a buddy class. This should be in a different year level so students are unknown to their buddy class where possible.
- Exiting a student to the office for Major Behaviours – a "Classroom Discipline Booklet" may be completed by the teacher and sent with the child. A phone call to the Office to ensure a member of the administration is available is necessary. If the student chooses not to go to the office, the teacher will provide the student take up time and a member of administration may collect the student.

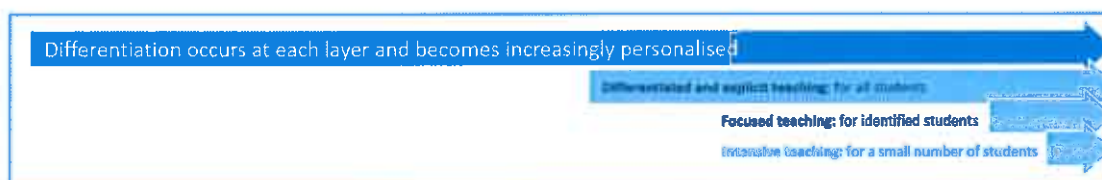
Students who have shown major disregard for the Students Rights and Responsibilities or have been guilty of a very serious breach of the Rights and Responsibilities will be referred immediately to administration.

## Differentiated and Explicit Teaching

Kuraby State School is a disciplined school environment that provides differentiated teaching to respond to the learning needs of all students. This involves teaching expected behaviours and providing opportunities for students to practise these behaviours. Teachers reinforce expected behaviours, provide feedback and correction, and opportunities for practise.

Teachers at Kuraby State School vary what students are taught, how they are taught and how students can demonstrate what they know as part of this differentiated approach to behaviour. These decisions about differentiation are made in response to data and day-to-day monitoring that indicates the behavioural learning needs of students. This enables our teachers to purposefully plan a variety of ways to engage students; assist them to achieve the expected learning; and to demonstrate their learning.

There are three main layers to differentiation, as illustrated in the diagram below. This model is the same used for academic and pedagogical differentiation.



These three layers map directly to the tiered approach discussed earlier in the Learning and Behaviour section. For example, in the PBL framework, Tier 1 is differentiated and explicit teaching for all students, Tier 2 is focussed teaching for identified students and Tier 3 is

intensive teaching for a small number of students. Each layer provides progressively more personalised supports for students.

## **Focused Teaching**

Approximately 15% of all students in any school or classroom may require additional support to meet behaviour expectations, even after being provided with differentiated and explicit teaching. These students may have difficulty meeting behavioural expectations in a particular period of the day or as part of a learning area/subject, and focused teaching is provided to help them achieve success.

Focused teaching involves revisiting key behavioural concepts and/or skills and using explicit and structured teaching strategies in particular aspects of a behaviour skill. Focused teaching provides students with more opportunities to practise skills and multiple opportunities to achieve the intended learning and expected behaviour.

Support staff, including teachers with specialist expertise in learning, language or development, work collaboratively with class teachers at Kuraby State School to provide focused teaching. Focused teaching is aligned to the school-wide behaviour expectations, and student progress is monitored by the classroom teacher/s to identify those who:

- no longer require the additional support
- require ongoing focussed teaching
- require intensive teaching.

## **Intensive Teaching**

Research evidence shows that even in an effective, well-functioning school there will always be approximately 5% of the student population who require intensive teaching to achieve behavioural expectations. Intensive teaching involves frequent and explicit instruction, with individuals or in small groups, to develop mastery of basic behavioural concepts, skills and knowledge.

Some students may require intensive teaching for a short period, for particular behaviour skills. Other students may require intensive teaching for a more prolonged period. Decisions about the approach will be made based on data collected from their teacher or teachers, and following consultation with the student's family.

For a small number of students who continue to display behaviours that are deemed complex and challenging, then individualised, function-based behaviour assessment and support plans and multi-agency collaboration may be provided to support the student. This approach will seek to address the acute impact of barriers to learning and participation faced by students who are negotiating a number of complex personal issues.

## Legislative Delegations

### Legislation

In this section of the Kuraby State School Student Code of Conduct are links to legislation which influences form and content of Queensland state school discipline procedures.

- [Anti-Discrimination Act 1991 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Child Protection Act 1999 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992](#)
- [Commonwealth Disability Standards for Education 2005](#)
- [Criminal Code Act 1899 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Act 2006](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Regulation 2017](#)
- [Human Rights Act 2019 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Information Privacy Act 2009 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Judicial Review Act 1991 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Right to Information Act 2009 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011 \(Qld\)](#)
- [Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2011 \(Cwth\)](#)

### Delegations

Under the Education (General Provisions) Act 2006, state school principals are responsible for “controlling and regulating student discipline in the school”.

Principals are afforded a number of **non-delegable powers** to assist them to meet this obligation, including the authority to suspend, exclude or cancel the enrolment of a student at the school. These decision-making responsibilities cannot be delegated to other staff in the school, such as deputy principals.

The details of these responsibilities are outlined in the legislative instruments of delegation and instruments of authorisation provided below:

- [Education \(General Provisions\) Act 2006 Director-General's delegations](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Act 2006 Minister's delegations](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Act 2006 Director-General's authorisations](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Regulation 2006 Minister's delegations](#)
- [Education \(General Provisions\) Regulation 2017 Director-General's delegations](#)

## Disciplinary Consequences

The disciplinary consequences model used at Kuraby State School follows the same differentiated approach used in the proactive teaching and support of student behavioural expectations.

The majority of students will be confident and capable of meeting established expectations that are clear, explicitly taught and practised. In-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders may be used by teachers to respond to low-level or minor problem behaviours.

All school staff will follow the Schoolwide Behaviour Management Flowchart (see appendix) when making a decision regarding appropriate actions to take following inappropriate student behaviour. Staff will use the Major/Minor Decision Making tool to decide the level of behaviour.

Some students will need additional support, time and opportunities to practise expected behaviours. Approximately 15% of the student population may experience difficulty with meeting the stated expectations, and even with focussed teaching, in-class corrective feedback, sanctions and rule reminders continue to display low-level problem behaviour.

For a small number of students, approximately 2-5%, a high level of differentiated support or intensive teaching is required to enable them to meet the behavioural expectations. This may be needed throughout the school year on a continuous basis. The determination of the need will be made by the principal in consultation with staff and other relevant stakeholders. On occasion the behaviour of a student may be so serious, such as causing harm to other students or to staff, that the principal may determine that an out of school suspension or exclusion is necessary as a consequence for the student's behaviour. Usually this course of action is only taken when the behaviour is either so serious as to warrant immediate removal of the student for the safety of others, and no other alternative discipline strategy is considered sufficient to deal with the problem behaviour.

The differentiated responses to problem behaviour can be organised into three tiers, with increasing intensity of support and consequences to address behaviour that endangers others or causes major, ongoing interference with class or school operations.

### Differentiated Responses

Class teacher provides in-class or in-school disciplinary responses to low-level or minor problem behaviour. This may include:

- Pre-correction (e.g. "Remember, walk quietly to your seat")
- Non-verbal and visual cues (e.g. posters, hand gestures)
- Whole class practising of routines
- Ratio of 5 positive to 1 negative commentary or feedback to class
- Corrective feedback (e.g. "Hand up when you want to ask a question")
- Rule reminders (e.g. "When the bell goes, stay seated until I dismiss you")
- Explicit behavioural instructions (e.g. "Pick up your pencil")
- Proximity control
- Tactical ignoring of inappropriate behaviour (not student)
- Revised seating plan and relocation of student/s
- Individual positive reinforcement for appropriate behaviour

- Classwide incentives
- Reminders of incentives or class goals
- Redirection
- Low voice and tone for individual instructions
- Give 'take-up' time for student/s to process instruction/s
- Reduce verbal language
- Break down tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide positive choice of task order (e.g. "Which one do you want to start with?")
- Prompt student to take a break or time away (Time out, buddy class)
- Model appropriate language, problem solving and verbalise thinking process (e.g. "I'm not sure what is the next step, who can help me?")
- Provide demonstration of expected behaviour
- Peer consequence (e.g. corrective feedback to influential peer demonstrating same problem behaviour)
- Private discussion with student about expected behaviour
- Warning of more serious consequences (e.g. removal from classroom)
- Time out of play
- Removal from designated play area for a period of time

### **Focussed Responses**

Kuraby State School has a range of KITES team staff in place to help arrange and deliver focused teaching to students who need more support to meet expectations.

Class teacher is supported by other school-based staff to address in-class problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment
- Individual student behaviour support strategies (e.g. Student behaviour plan, Structured Playground plan)
- Risk Management Plan
- Targeted skills teaching in small group
- Whole School Ticket System
- Choices Room Session (plan, monitoring, reflection and feedback)
- Behaviour Contract
- Counselling and guidance support
- Self-monitoring plan
- Check in Check Out strategy
- Teacher coaching and debriefing
- Referral to KITES team for team based problem solving
- Stakeholder meeting with parents and external agencies

### **Intensive Support**

School leadership team work in consultation with Student Support Network to address persistent or ongoing serious problem behaviour. This may include:

- Functional Behaviour Assessment based individual support plan
- Flexible Learning Arrangement
- Complex case management and review
- Stakeholder meeting with parents/carers and external agencies including regional specialists
- Discipline Improvement Plan
- Temporary removal of student property (e.g. mobile phone)

- Short term suspension (up to 10 school days)
- Long term suspension (up to 20 school days)
- Charge related suspension (student has been charged with a serious criminal offence is suspended from school until the charge has been dealt with by the relevant justice authorities)
- Suspension pending exclusion (student is suspended from school pending a decision by the Director-General or delegate (principal) about their exclusion from school)
- Exclusion (student is excluded from a particular state school site, a group of state schools or all state schools in Queensland for a defined period of time or permanently)
- Cancellation of enrolment for students older than compulsory school age who refuse to participate in the educational program provided at the school.

## **School Disciplinary Absences**

A School Disciplinary Absence (SDA) is an enforced period of absence from attending a Queensland state school, applied by the Principal as a consequence to address poor student behaviour. There are four types of SDA:

- Short suspension (1 to 10 school days)
- Long suspension (11 to 20 school days)
- Charge-related suspension
- Exclusion (period of not more than one year or permanently).

At Kuraby State School, the use of any SDA is considered a very serious decision. It is typically only used by the Principal when other options have been exhausted or the student's behaviour is so dangerous that continued attendance at the school is considered a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the school community.

Parents and students may appeal a long suspension, charge-related suspension or exclusion decision. A review will be conducted by the Director-General or their delegate, and a decision made within 40 school days to confirm, amend/vary or set aside the original SDA decision by the Principal.

The appeal process is a thorough review of all documentation associated with the SDA decision and provides an opportunity for both the school and the family to present their case in the matter. Time is afforded for collection, dissemination and response to the materials by both the school and the family. It is important that the purpose of the appeal is understood so that expectations are clear, and appropriate supports are in place to ensure students can continue to access their education while completing their SDA.

### **Re-entry following suspension**

Students who are suspended from Kuraby State School may be invited to attend a re-entry meeting on the day of their scheduled return to school. The main purpose of this meeting is to welcome the student, with their parents/carers, back to the school. It is **not a time** to review the student's behaviour or the decision to suspend, the student has already received a punishment through their disciplinary absence from school. The aim of the re-entry meeting is for school staff to set the student up for future success and strengthen home-school communication.

It is not mandatory for the student or their parents to attend a re-entry meeting. It may be offered as a support for the student to assist in their successful re-engagement in school following suspension.

### **Arrangements**

The invitation to attend the re-entry meeting will be communicated via telephone and/or in writing, usually via email through suspension letter. Re-entry meetings are short, taking less than 10 minutes, and kept small with only the Principal or their delegate attending with the student and their parent/s.

A record of the meeting is saved in OneSchool, under the Contact tab, including any notes or discussions occurring during the meeting.

**Reasonable adjustments**

In planning the re-entry meeting, school staff will consider reasonable adjustments needed to support the attendance and engagement of the student. This includes selecting an appropriate and accessible meeting space, organising translation or interpretation services or supports (e.g. AUSLAN), provision of written and/or pictorial information and other relevant accommodations. The inclusion of support staff, such as guidance officers or KITES services, may also offer important advice to ensure a successful outcome to the re-entry meeting.



## School Policies

Kuraby State School has tailored school discipline policies designed to ensure students, staff and visitors work cooperatively to create and maintain a supportive and safe learning environment. Please ensure that you familiarise yourself with the responsibilities for students, staff and visitors outlined in the following policies:

- Schoolwide behaviour management flowchart
- Minor/Major decision making tool
- Temporary removal of student property
- Use of mobile phones and other devices by students
- Preventing and responding to bullying
- Appropriate use of social media

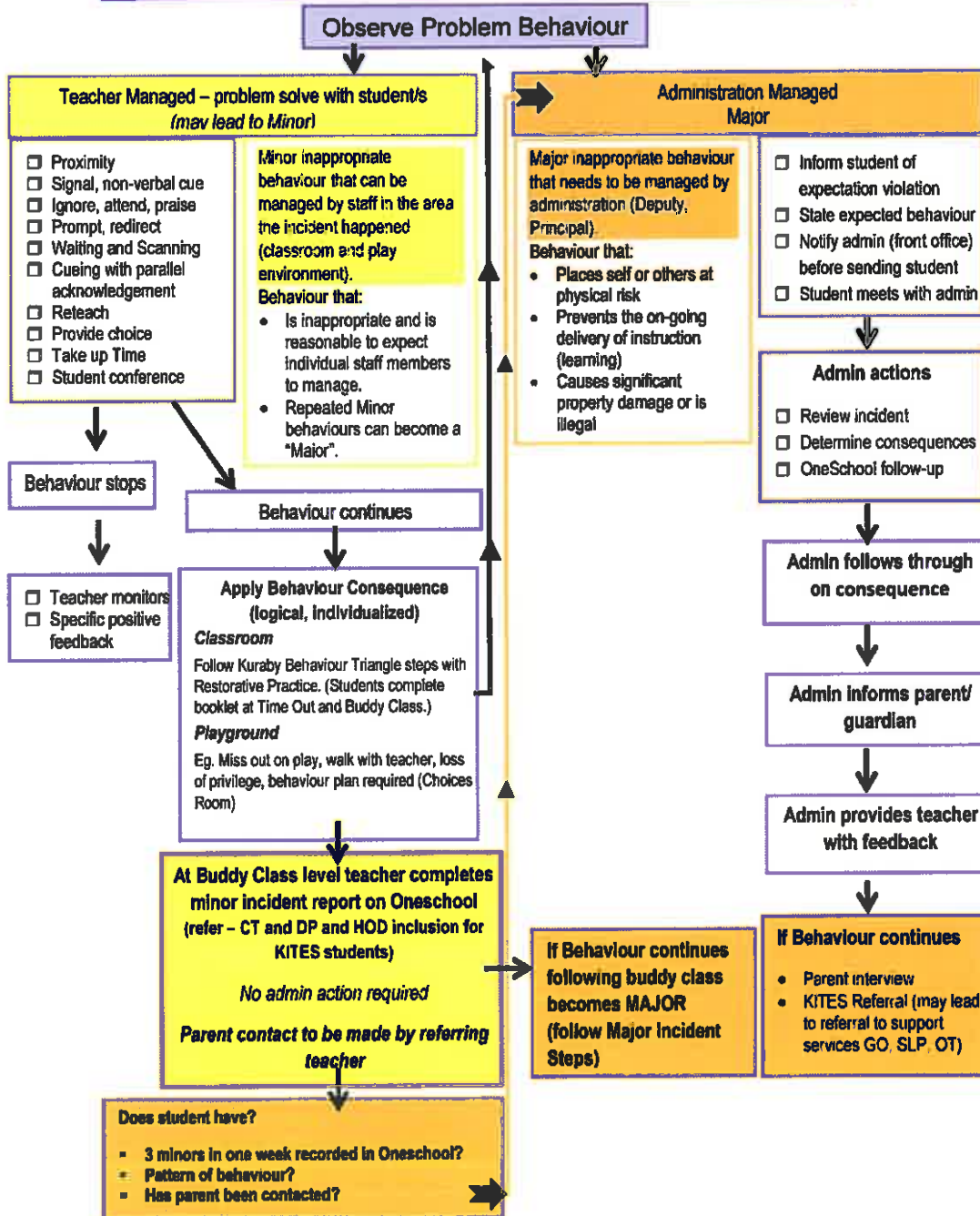
# School-wide Behaviour Management Flowchart



## School-wide Behaviour Management Flowchart



**Response to ALL student problem behaviour is:**  
**Calm, consistent, brief, immediate, respectful, and private**



## Minor/Major decision making tool



# Minor/Major Behaviour



## Decision Making Tool

Behaviour Category (Select Initial Behaviour only on Oneschool)	Minor	Major (Office Disciplinary Referral)
	Classroom Managed	Administration Managed
	Definition: <i>Minor inappropriate behaviour that can be managed by staff in the area the incident happened (classroom and play environment)</i>	Definition: <i>Major inappropriate behaviour that needs to be managed by admin (Principal or Deputy)</i>
<b>Bullying/ Harassment</b>	Occasional low level teasing, name calling.	Repeated intentional negative comments or behaviours in order to cause harm.
<b>Disruptive</b>	Low intensity behaviour that unintentionally disrupts learning.	Repeated behaviour intended to disrupt learning.
<b>IT Misconduct</b>	Non-serious but inappropriate use of technology.	Serious misuse of technology.
<b>Lying/ Cheating</b>	Low level cheating or lying.	Lying or cheating which is detrimental or unfair to other students.
<b>Misconduct involving object</b>	Inappropriate use of an object, other than its intended purpose, without causing harm to others.	Using objects as weapons with the intention of causing harm to self, others or property.
<b>Non-Compliant with routine</b>	Brief or low intensity failure to respond to adult directions. Student chooses not to engage in set tasks.	
<b>Defiant/ Threats to adults</b>		Repeated refusal to follow adult directions. Student threatens an adult.
<b>Physical Misconduct</b>	Non-serious but inappropriate contact which does not result in injury or harm.	Serious physical contact that results in injury or harm to others.
<b>Property Misconduct</b>	Low level misuse of school property.	Wilful damage to school or others' property. Stealing.
<b>Substance Misconduct</b>		Possession of an illicit substance, or helping another student to access an illicit substance.
<b>Truant</b>	Late return to class following breaks.	Leaving class without permission. Repeated unexplained absence with or without parent/carer knowledge.
<b>Verbal Misconduct</b>	Low level use of inappropriate language.	Swearing directly at another person in a verbal attack. Seriously threatening others.

## Temporary removal of student property

The removal of any property in a student's possession may be necessary to promote the caring, safe and supportive learning environment of the school, to maintain and foster mutual respect between all state school staff and students. The **Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure** outlines the processes, conditions and responsibilities for state school principals and school staff when temporarily removing student property.

In determining what constitutes a reasonable time to retain student property, the principal or state school staff will consider:

- the condition, nature or value of the property
- the circumstances in which the property was removed
- the safety of the student from whom the property was removed, other students or staff members
- good management, administration and control of the school.

The Principal or state school staff determine when the temporarily removed student property can be returned, unless the property has been handed to the Queensland Police Service.

The following items are explicitly prohibited at Kuraby State School and will be removed if found in a student's possession:

- illegal items or weapons (e.g. guns, knives\*, throwing stars, brass knuckles, chains) – and items which resemble weapons
- imitation guns or weapons
- potentially dangerous items (e.g. blades, rope)
- drugs\*\* (including tobacco)
- alcohol
- aerosol deodorants or cans (including spray paint)
- explosives (e.g. fireworks, flares, sparklers)
- flammable solids or liquids (e.g. fire starters, mothballs, lighters)
- poisons (e.g. weed killer, insecticides)
- inappropriate or offensive material (e.g. racist literature, pornography, extremist propaganda).

\* No knives of any type are allowed at school, including flick knives, ballistic knives, sheath knives, push daggers, trench knives, butterfly knives, star knives, butter knives, fruit knives or craft knives, or any item that can be used as a weapon, for example a chisel. Knives needed for school activities will be provided by the school, and the use of them will be supervised by school staff.

\*\* The administration of medications to students by school staff is only considered when a prescribing health practitioner has determined that it is necessary or when there is no other alternative in relation to the treatment of a specific health need. Schools require medical authorisation to administer any medication to students (**including over-the-counter medications such as paracetamol or alternative medicines**).

### Responsibilities

**State school staff** at Kuraby State School:

- do not require the student's consent to search school property such as lockers, desks or laptops that are supplied to the student through the school;

- may seize a student's bag where there is suspicion that the student has a dangerous item (for example, a knife) in their school bag, prior to seeking consent to search from a parent or calling the police;
- consent from the student or parent is required to examine or otherwise deal with the temporarily removed student property. For example, staff who temporarily remove a mobile phone from a student are not authorised to unlock the phone or to read, copy or delete messages stored on the phone;
- there may, however, be emergency circumstances where it is necessary to search a student's property without the student's consent or the consent of the student's parents (e.g. to access an EpiPen for an anaphylactic emergency);
- consent from the student or parent is required to search the person of a student (e.g. pockets or shoes). If consent is not provided and a search is considered necessary, the police and the student's parents should be called to make such a determination.

**Parents of students at Kuraby State School:**

- ensure your children do not bring property onto schools grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
  - is prohibited according to the Kuraby State School Student Code of Conduct
  - is illegal
  - puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
  - does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
  - does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect temporarily removed student property as soon as possible after they have been notified by the Principal or state school staff that the property is available for collection.

**Students of Kuraby State School:**

- do not bring property onto school grounds or other settings used by the school (e.g. camp, sporting venues) that:
  - is prohibited according to the Kuraby State School Code of Conduct
  - is illegal
  - puts the safety or wellbeing of others at risk
  - does not preserve a caring, safe, supportive or productive learning environment
  - does not maintain and foster mutual respect;
- collect their property as soon as possible when advised by the Principal or state school staff it is available for collection.

## **Use of mobile phones and other devices by students**

Digital literacy refers to the skills needed to live, learn and work in a society where communication and access to information is dominated by digital technologies like mobile phones. However, the benefits brought about through these diverse technologies can be easily overshadowed by deliberate misuse which harms others or disrupts learning. At Kuraby State School, mobile phones and electronic devices are not permitted to be brought to school from home. For all learning experiences requiring use of technology our school provides access to technology such as laptops or ipads.

## Responsibilities

The responsibilities for students using devices at school or during school activities, are outlined below.

It is **acceptable** for students at Kuraby State School to:

- use school devices for
  - assigned class work and assignments set by teachers
  - developing appropriate literacy, communication and information skills
  - authoring text, artwork, audio and visual material for publication on the intranet or internet for educational purposes as supervised and approved by the school
  - conducting general research for school activities and projects
  - communicating or collaborating with other students, teachers, parents or experts in relation to school work
  - accessing online references such as dictionaries, encyclopaedias, etc.
  - researching and learning through the department's eLearning environment
- be courteous, considerate and respectful of others when using a mobile device

\*Please note if a student brings a mobile phone to school they are required to hand it into the office on arrival at school and it may be collected at the end of the day. Teachers will direct students with this equipment to the office if they are aware of students with electronic equipment that does not belong to the school. The school accepts no responsibility for equipment failing to be handed into the office for safe keeping.

It is **unacceptable** for students at Kuraby State School to:

- use a device in an unlawful manner
- download, distribute or publish offensive messages or pictures
- use obscene, inflammatory, racist, discriminatory or derogatory language
- use language and/or threats of violence that may amount to bullying and/or harassment, or even stalking
- insult, harass or attack others or use obscene or abusive language
- deliberately waste printing and internet resources
- damage computers, printers or network equipment
- commit plagiarism or violate copyright laws
- ignore teacher directions for the use of online email
- send chain letters or spam email (junk mail)
- knowingly download viruses or any other programs capable of breaching the department's network security
- use in-device cameras anywhere to capture images that would be considered inappropriate or capture images of students or staff without prior authorisation
- invade someone's privacy by recording personal conversations or daily activities and/or the further distribution (e.g. forwarding, uploading, Bluetooth use etc.) of such material
- use a device (including those with Bluetooth functionality) to cheat during exams or assessments
- use devices during class assessment unless expressly permitted by school staff.

At all times students, while using ICT facilities and devices supplied by the school, will be required to act in line with the requirements of the Kuraby State School Student Code of Conduct. In addition students and their parents should:

- understand the responsibility and behaviour requirements (as outlined by the school) that come with accessing the department's ICT network facilities
- ensure they have the skills to report and discontinue access to harmful information if presented via the internet or email
- be aware that:

- access to ICT facilities and devices provides valuable learning experiences for students and supports the school's teaching and learning programs
- the school is not responsible for safeguarding information stored by students on departmentally-owned student computers or devices
- schools may remotely access departmentally-owned student computers or devices for management purposes
- students who use a school's ICT facilities and devices in a manner that is not appropriate may be subject to disciplinary action by the school, which could include restricting network access or disciplinary consequences as outlined in the student code of conduct
- despite internal departmental controls to manage content on the internet, illegal, dangerous or offensive information may be accessed or accidentally displayed
- teachers will always exercise their duty of care, by avoiding or reducing access to harmful information also requires responsible use by the student.

## Preventing and responding to bullying

Kuraby State School uses the [Australian Student Wellbeing Framework](#) to promote positive relationships and the wellbeing of all students, staff and visitors at the school.

Our staff know student learning is optimised when they feel connected to others and experience safe and trusting relationships. Students who feel secure are more likely to be active participants in their learning and to achieve better physical, emotional, social and educational outcomes. Teachers who feel valued and supported are more likely to engage positively with students and build stronger connections within the school community. Parents who are positively engaged with their child's education leads to improved student self-esteem, attendance and behaviour at school. Enhancing the wellbeing of students and their educators delivers overall long-term social, health and economic benefits to the Australian community.

Kuraby State School has a **Student council**, with representatives from each class in Years 4-6 meeting regularly to discuss strategies to improve student wellbeing, safety and learning outcomes. The core elements of the Australian Student Wellbeing Framework:



- 1. Leadership**  
Principals and school leaders playing an active role in building a positive learning environment where the whole school community feels included, connected, safe and respected.
- 2. Inclusion**  
All members of the school community actively participating in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity, and fosters positive, respectful relationships.
- 3. Student voice**  
Students actively participate in their own learning and wellbeing, feel connected and use their social and emotional skills to be respectful, resilient and safe.



#### **4. Partnerships**

Families and communities collaborating as partners with the school to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

#### **5. Support**

School staff, students and families sharing and cultivating an understanding of wellbeing and positive behaviour and how this supports effective teaching and learning.

A priority for the Student Leadership Team is contributing to the implementation of strategies that enhance wellbeing, promote safety and counter violence, bullying and abuse in all online and physical spaces. The engagement of young people in the design of technology information and digital education programs for parents was a key recommendation from the [Queensland Anti-Cyberbullying Taskforce report](#) at Kuraby State School we believe students should be at the forefront of advising staff, parents and the broader community about emerging issues and practical solutions suitable to different contexts.

### **Bullying**

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no power imbalance)
- not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- one-off acts of meanness or spite
- isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts are still considered serious and need to be addressed and resolved. At Kuraby State School our staff will work to quickly respond to any matters raised of this nature in collaboration with students and parents.

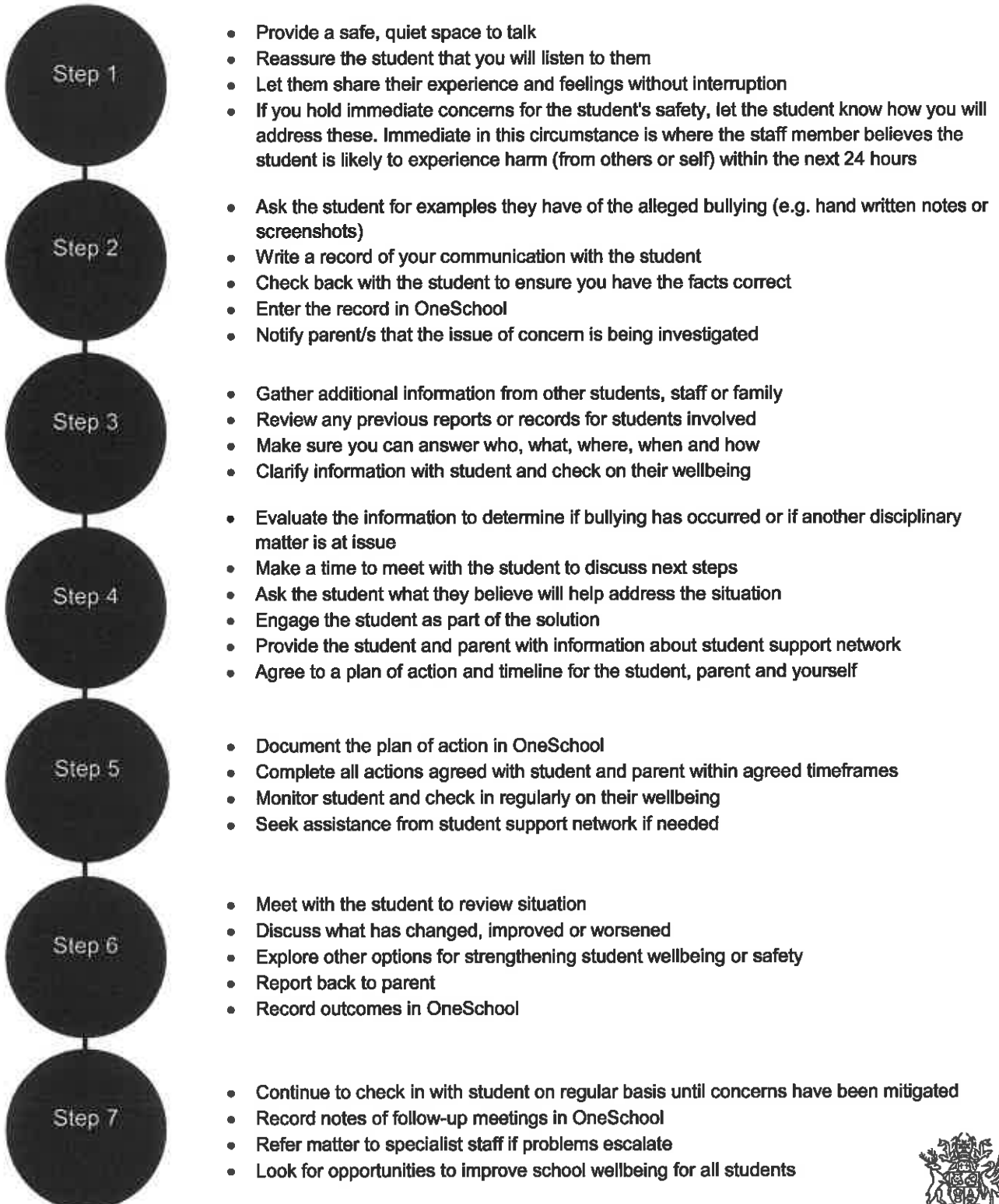
The following flowchart explains the actions Kuraby State School teachers will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. Please note that the indicative timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of teachers who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

## Kuraby State School - Bullying response flowchart for teachers

Please note these timelines may be adjusted depending on the unique circumstances and risk associated with each situation. This is at the professional judgment of the staff involved. Timeframes should be clearly discussed and agreed with student and family.

### Key contacts for students and parents to report bullying:

Prep to Year 6 – Class teacher



## **Cyberbullying**

Cyberbullying is treated at Kuraby State School with the same level of seriousness as in-person bullying. The major difference with cyberbullying however, is that unlike in-person bullying, cyberbullying follows students into their community, their homes and their bedrooms, giving them no opportunity to escape the harassment or abuse during the evening, weekends or holidays.

In the first instance, students or parents who wish to make a report about cyberbullying should approach the regular class teacher.

It is important for students, parents and staff to know that state school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds. This includes cyberbullying. Parents and students who have concerns about cyberbullying incidents occurring during school holidays should immediately seek assistance through the [Office of the e-Safety Commissioner](#) or the Queensland Police Service.

Students enrolled at Kuraby State School may face in-school disciplinary action, such as time out of play or removing of privileges, or more serious consequences such as suspension or exclusion from school for engaging in behaviour that adversely affects, or is likely to adversely affect, other students or the good order and management of the school. This includes behaviour such as cyberbullying which occurs outside of school hours or settings, for example on the weekend or during school holidays. It also applies to inappropriate online behaviour of enrolled students that is directed towards other community members or students from other school sites.

Parents or other stakeholders who engage in inappropriate online behaviour towards students, staff or other parents may be referred to the Office of the e-Safety Commissioner and/or the Queensland Police Service. State school staff will be referred for investigation to the Integrity and Employee Relations team in the Department of Education. Any questions or concerns about the school process for managing or responding to cyberbullying should be directed to the principal.

# Kuraby State School - Cyberbullying response flowchart for school staff

## How to manage online incidents that impact your school

### Student protection

If at any point the principal forms a reasonable suspicion that a student has been harmed or is at risk of harm, they have a responsibility to respond in accordance with the [Student protection procedure](#).

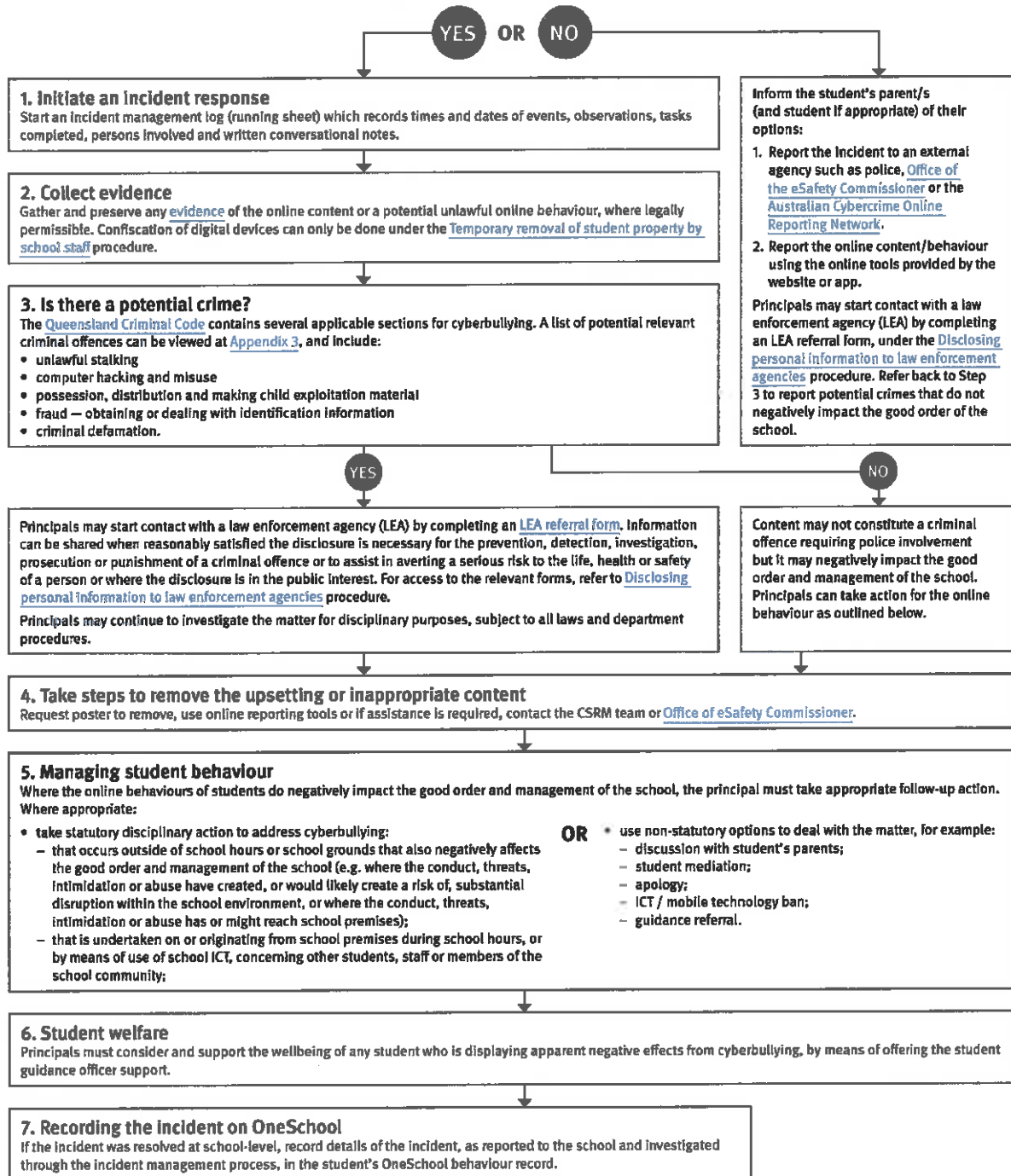
### Explicit images

If the investigation involves naked or explicit images of children, staff should not save, copy, forward or otherwise deal with the content, as per the [Temporary removal of student property by school staff procedure](#). This includes onto OneSchool records. Refer to the Investigative process outlined in 'Responding to incidents involving naked or explicit images of children' from the [Online incident management guidelines](#).

### Report

Refer to the [Online incident management guidelines](#) for more details, or if assistance is required, contact the [Cybersafety and Reputation Management \(CSR\) team](#) on 3034 5035 or [Cybersafety.ReputationManagement@qed.qld.gov.au](mailto:Cybersafety.ReputationManagement@qed.qld.gov.au).

Does the online behaviour/incident negatively impact the good order and management of the school?



## Cybersafety and Reputation Management (CRM)

The Department of Education employs a dedicated team of experts to assist in maintaining the integrity of the department's reputation with regards to cybersafety and reputation management issues, effectively leading the development and implementation of departmental cybersafety processes.

This team provides **direct support for schools** to respond to concerns of inappropriate online behaviour and misuse of information and communication technology.

The team provides a [guide for parents](#) with important information about cybersafety and cyberbullying, and suggestions about what you can do if your child is a target or responsible for inappropriate online behaviour.

The team has also developed a [Cyberbullying and reputation management](#) (Department employees only) resource to assist principals in incident management.

For more information about cybersafety sessions at your school, or for assistance with issues relating to online behaviour, contact the [team](#) (Department employees only).

### Student Intervention and Support Services

Kuraby State School recognises the need to provide intervention and support to all students involved in incidents of bullying, including cyberbullying.

Students who have been subject or witness to bullying have access to a range of internal support staff, as identified in the Student Support Network (KITES services) section earlier in this document. Students are, however, also encouraged to approach any staff member with whom they feel comfortable sharing their concerns, regardless of their role in the school. All staff at Kuraby State School are familiar with the response expectations to reports of bullying, and will act quickly to ensure students' concerns are addressed. Depending on the nature of the reported bullying incident, a formal plan of action may be developed and documented to support the implementation of strategies to assist the student.

Students who engage in bullying behaviours towards others will also be provided with support to assist them to use more socially acceptable and appropriate behaviours in their interactions. This includes counselling, social development programs, referral to mental health services or involvement in a restorative justice strategy. School disciplinary measures may also be used to reinforce the seriousness with which the community takes all incidents of bullying. These measures may include internal school suspension, withdrawal from social events or celebrations or more severe punishments such as suspension or exclusion from school.

## **Kuraby State School – Anti-Bullying Agreement**

The Anti-Bullying Agreement provides a clear outline of the way our community at Kuraby State School works together to establish a safe, supportive and disciplined school environment. This compact is provided to all students and their parents upon enrolment, and may be revisited with individual students if particular problems around bullying arise.

### **Kuraby State School – Anti Bullying Agreement**

We agree to work together to improve the quality of relationships in our community at Kuraby State School. It is through intentional consideration of our behaviour and communication that we can reduce the occurrence of bullying, and improve the quality of the schooling experience for everyone.

The agreed national definition for Australian schools describes bullying as

- ongoing and deliberate misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that intends to cause physical, social and/or psychological harm;
- involving an individual or a group misusing their power, or perceived power, over one or more persons who feel unable to stop it from happening;
- happening in person or online, via various digital platforms and devices and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert). Bullying behaviour is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time (for example, through sharing of digital records);
- having immediate, medium and long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders. Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

We believe that no one deserves to be mistreated and that everyone regardless of race, colour, religion, immigration status, nationality, size, gender, popularity, athletic capability, academic outcomes, social ability, or intelligence has the right to feel safe, secure, and respected.

I agree to:

- Treat everyone with kindness and respect.
- Abide by the school's anti-bullying policies and procedures.
- Support individuals who have been bullied.
- Speak out against verbal, relational, physical bullying and cyber bullying.
- Notify a parent, teacher, or school administrator when bullying does occur.

Student's signature

Parent's signature

School representative signature

Date

## Appropriate use of social media

The internet, mobile phones and social media provide wonderful opportunities for students to network and socialise online. While these technologies provide positive platforms for sharing ideas, they also have the potential to cause pain and suffering to individuals, groups or even whole communities.

It's important to remember that sometimes negative comments posted about the school community have a greater impact than expected. This guide offers some information about how to use social media in relation to comments or posts about the school community. Reputations of students, teachers, schools, principals and even parents can be permanently damaged — and in some cases, serious instances of inappropriate online behaviour are dealt with by police and the court system.

Being aware of a few simple strategies can help keep the use of social media positive and constructive:

- Before you post something online, ask yourself if the community or individual really need to know. Is it relevant, positive and helpful?
- Remember that what you post online is a direct reflection of who you are. People will potentially form lasting opinions of you based on what you post online.
- Be a good role model. If things get heated online consider logging out and taking a few moments to relax and think. Hasty, emotive responses could inflame situations unnecessarily.
- Be mindful when commenting, try to keep general and avoid posting anything that could identify individuals.
- A few years ago parents may have discussed concerns or issues with their friends at the school gate. Today with the use of social media, online discussions between you and your close friends can very quickly be shared with a much wider audience, potentially far larger than intended.
- Taking a few moments to think about the content you are about to post could save upset, embarrassment, and possible legal action.
- As a parent you have a role in supervising and regulating your child's online activities at home and its impact on the reputation and privacy of others. Parents are their child's first teachers — so they will learn online behaviours from you.

### Is it appropriate to comment or post about schools, staff or students?

Parental and community feedback is important for schools and the department. If you have a compliment, complaint or enquiry about an issue at school, the best approach is to speak directly to the school about the matter, rather than discussing it in a public forum.

While many schools use social media to update parents of school notices, the department prefers that parents contact schools directly with a compliment, complaint or enquiry due to privacy considerations. Imagine if your doctor, accountant or banking institution tried to contact you to discuss important matters via Facebook.

If you have raised an issue with a school or know that another person has, consider refraining from discussing those details on social media, particularly the names of anyone involved.

Keep comments calm and polite, just as you would over the telephone or by email. If you encounter negative or derogatory content online which involves the school, hinders a child's learning and/or affects the school community at large, contact the school principal.

### **Possible civil or criminal ramifications of online commentary**

A serious instance of inappropriate online behaviour may constitute a criminal offence and become a police matter. For example, online content may substantiate the offence of 'using a carriage service to menace, harass or cause offence' (Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) s. 474.17). School staff may contact their union or obtain personal legal advice if they feel that online content seriously impacts their reputation. Defamatory online content may give rise to litigation under the Defamation Act 2005 (Qld).

### **What about other people's privacy?**

If you upload photos of your children, be mindful of who might be in the background. You might be happy to share your child's successes with your friends and family via social media, but some parents are not. If you are tagging or naming students, consider that other parents may not want their child's name attached to images online.

### **What if I encounter problem content?**

Taking the following steps may help resolve the issue in a constructive way:

- refrain from responding
- take a screen capture or print a copy of the concerning online content
- if you consider problem content to be explicit, pornographic or exploitative of minors, you should keep a record of the URL of the page containing that content but NOT print or share it. The URL can be provided to the school principal, or police, as needed for escalation of serious concerns
- block the offending user
- report the content to the social media provider.



## Restrictive Practices

School staff at Kuraby State School need to respond to student behaviour that presents a risk of physical harm to the student themselves or others. It is anticipated that most instances of risky behaviour can be de-escalated and resolved quickly. On some rarer occasions, a student's behaviour may continue to escalate and staff need to engage immediately with positive and proactive strategies aimed at supporting the student to manage their emotional self-regulation and behaviour.

In some very rare situations, where there is an immediate risk of physical harm to the student or other people, and when all other alternative strategies have failed to reduce the risk, it may be necessary for staff to use restrictive practices.

The use of restrictive practices will always be as a last resort, when there is no other available option for reducing immediate risk to the student, staff or other people. Restrictive practices are not used for punishment or as a disciplinary measure.

The department's **Restrictive practices procedure** is written with consideration for the protection of everyone's human rights, health, safety and welfare. There are six fundamental principles:

1. Regard to the human rights of those students
2. Safeguards students, staff and others from harm
3. Ensures transparency and accountability
4. Places importance on communication and consultation with parents and carers
5. Maximises the opportunity for positive outcomes, and
6. Aims to reduce or eliminate the use of restrictive practices.

Very rarely restrictive practices will be planned and staff will employ, when necessary, pre-arranged strategies and methods (of physical restraint/ mechanical restraint/ clinical holding) which are based upon behaviour risk assessment or clinical health need and are recorded in advance. The use of planned strategies will only be where there is foreseeable immediate risk consistent with the **Restrictive practices procedure**.

Seclusion will not be used as a planned response and will only be used in serious circumstances for managing an unforeseeable situation in an emergency. It will be used for the shortest time possible and in a safe area that presents no additional foreseeable risk to the student. In such emergencies, a staff member will observe the student at all times and seclusion will cease as soon as possible.

Following the use of any restrictive practice, a focused review will help staff to understand how they responded to the risk in any incident that involved the use of a restrictive practice. Staff will consider whether there are other options for managing a similar situation in the future. This strategy works well for reducing the use of restrictive practices.

All incidents of restrictive practices will be recorded and reported in line with departmental procedures.

## Critical Incidents

It is important that all school staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond in emergencies involving student behaviour that seriously endangers the student or others. This consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.

A critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action (e.g. in the community, on the road). The aim in these situations is to bring the behaviour of the student under rapid and safe control. It is not a time to try and to punish or discipline the student; it is a crisis management period only.

Staff should follow the documented plan for any student involved in regular critical incidents, which should be saved and available for staff to review in OneSchool.

For unexpected critical incidents, staff should use basic defusing techniques:

1. **Avoid escalating the problem behaviour:** Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.
2. **Maintain calmness, respect and detachment:** Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.
3. **Approach the student in a non-threatening manner:** Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.
4. **Follow through:** If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour, then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.
5. **Debrief:** At an appropriate time when there is low risk of re-escalation, help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.

## Related Procedures and Guidelines

These are related procedures or guidelines which school staff use to inform decisions and actions around matters associated with students wellbeing, behaviour and learning.

- Cancellation of enrolment
- Complex case management
- Customer complaints management policy and procedure
- Disclosing personal information to law enforcement agencies
- Enrolment in state primary, secondary and special schools
- Hostile people on school premises, wilful disturbance and trespass
- Inclusive education
- Police and Child Safety Officer interviews and searches with students
- Restrictive practices
- Refusal to enrol – Risk to safety or wellbeing
- Student discipline
- Student dress code
- Student protection
- Supporting students' mental health and wellbeing
- Temporary removal of student property by school staff
- Use of ICT systems
- Using mobile devices

## Resources

- [Australian Professional Standards for Teachers](#)
- [Behaviour Foundations professional development package](#) (school employees only)
- [Bullying. No Way!](#)
- [ehedspace](#)
- [Kids Helpline](#)
- [Office of the eSafety Commissioner](#)
- [Parent and community engagement framework](#)
- [Parentline](#)
- [Queensland Department of Education School Discipline](#)
- [Raising Children Network](#)
- [Student Wellbeing Hub](#)

## Conclusion

Kuraby State School staff are committed to ensuring every student is supported to feel safe, welcome and valued in our school. There may, however, be occasions where parents need to raise a concern or make a complaint about an issue they feel is adversely affecting their child's education.

All Queensland state schools are committed to ensuring that all complaints - whether they relate to a school staff member or a school's operations - are dealt with in a fair and equitable manner. As a parent or carer, you can express dissatisfaction with the service or action of the Department of Education or its staff, including decisions made or actions taken in a school and/or by the local regional office.

As a complainant, it is your responsibility to:

- give us a clear idea of the issue or concern and your desired solution
- provide all the relevant information when making the complaint
- understand that addressing a complaint can take time
- cooperate respectfully and understand that unreasonable, abusive, or disrespectful conduct will not be tolerated
- let us know if something changes, including if help is no longer needed.

**The Department of Education may not proceed with your complaint if your conduct is unreasonable.**

In most instances, staff members are told of complaints made about them and offered the right of reply. A complainant also has the right to have a support person throughout the process.

The following three-step approach assists parents and school staff in reaching an outcome that is in the best interests of the student:

1. **Early resolution:** discuss your complaint with the school  
The best place to raise any concerns is at the point where the problem or issue arose. You can make an appointment at the school to discuss your complaint with your child's teacher or the principal. You are also welcome to lodge your complaint in writing or over the phone. You can also make a complaint through [QGov](#).

Complaints may be lodged by telephone, writing or in electronic format. Email addresses can be accessed through the [schools directory](#).

2. **Internal review:** [contact the local Regional Office](#)  
If, after taking the early resolution step, you are dissatisfied with the outcome of your complaint or how the complaint was handled, you can ask the local [regional office](#) to conduct a review. You need to submit a

[Request for internal review form](#) within 28 days of receiving the complaint outcome.

3. **External review:** contact a review authority if you are dissatisfied after the internal review, you may wish to contact a review authority, such as the Queensland Ombudsman, and request an independent, external review. More information about external review options is available at [www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au](http://www.ombudsman.qld.gov.au).

Some matters need to be handled in a different way to school matters and will be referred to other areas in the department. These include:

- issues about harm, or risk of harm, to a student attending a state school, which must be managed in accordance with the [Student protection procedure](#).
- complaints about corrupt conduct, public interest disclosures; or certain decisions made under legislation, which will be dealt with as outlined in the [Excluded complaints factsheet](#).